

干旱/半干旱地区的先进农业机械中数字和智能技术的应用 ——大载荷植保无人机高效施药技术及装备应用

Digital and Intelligent Technologies in Advancing Agricultural Mechanization in Arid and Semi-arid Areas

——The Efficient Spraying Technology of Large Load Plant Protection UAV and Equipment Application

王军锋 教授 Prof. Junfeng Wang

江苏大学 能源与动力工程学院 School of Energy and Power Engineering Jiangsu University





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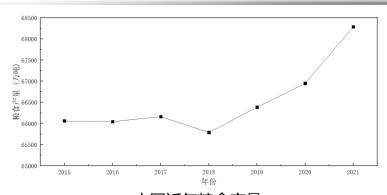
> **2** 植保无人机简介 Brief Introduction of plant protection UAV

大载荷植保无人机喷洒技术
Large load plant protection UAV spraying technology

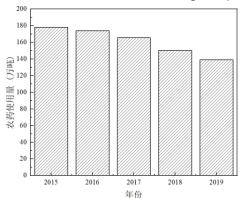
大载荷植保无人机工程应用
Engineering application of large load plant protection UAV



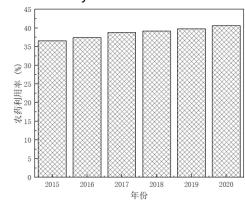
▶ 背景 Background



中国近年粮食产量 China's grain production in recent years



中国近年农药使用量 Pesticide usage in China in recent years



中国近年农药利用率 Pesticide utilization rate in China in recent years

- ◆ 中国每年粮食产量超过65000万吨; China produces more than 65,000 million tons of grain per year
- ◆ 每年病虫害造成的损失10%以上; More than 10% of annual losses due to pests and diseases.
- ◆ 2019年中国农药使用量139.17万吨; In 2019, China's pesticide use is 1,391,700 tons
- ◆ 2020年中国农药利用率为40.6%; In 2020, China's pesticide utilization rate reaches 40.6%.

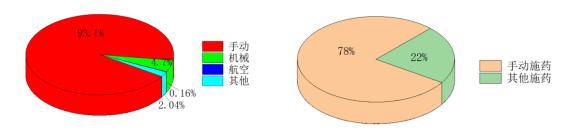
数据来源:

Data sources:

- [1]国家统计局
- [1] National Bureau of Statistics
- [2]中华人民共和国农业农村部
- [2] Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Affairs of the People's Republic of China



▶ 背景 Background



中国植保器械种类 中国农作物机械化病虫害防治面积 Types of plant protection equipment in China Mechanized crop pest and disease control area in China



背负式施药机械 Backpack spraying machinery



悬挂式施药机械 Suspension application machinery

数据来源:

Data sources:

- [1]全国农业技术推广服务中心
- [1] National Agricultural Technology Extension Service Center [2]于俊萍.国内外植保机械的发展与应用[J].山东农机化,2020(06):28-31.

目前中国主要采用手动施药机械完

At present, China mainly uses manual spraying machinery to complete crop

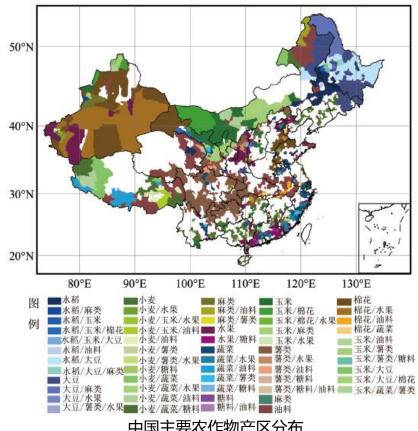
成农作物病虫害防治。

pest and disease control.

[2]YU. The development and application of plant protection machinery at home and abroad [J]. Shandong Agricultural Mechanization, 2020(06):28-31.



▶ 背景 Background



中国主要农作物产区分布

Distribution of major crop production areas in China

我国国土面积广阔、地形复杂和种植模式多样化,农业航空 是我国农业现代化发展的重要需求。

With China's vast land area, complex terrain and diversified planting patterns, agricultural aviation is an important need for the modernization and development of China's agriculture.

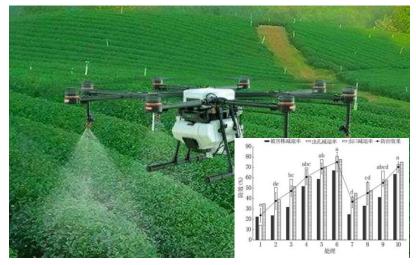






➤ 植保无人机简介Brief Introduction of plant protection UAV





小载荷无人机的应用 Application of small load UAV

植保无人机:用于农林植物保护作业的无人驾驶飞机,由飞行平台(固定翼、直升机、多轴飞行器)、导航飞控、喷洒机构三部分组成。

Plant protection UAV: UAVs used in agriculture and forestry plant protection operations, consisting of a flight platform (fixed-wing, helicopter, multi-axis vehicle), navigation and flight control, and spraying mechanism.

➤ 植保无人机简介Brief Introduction of plant protection UAV

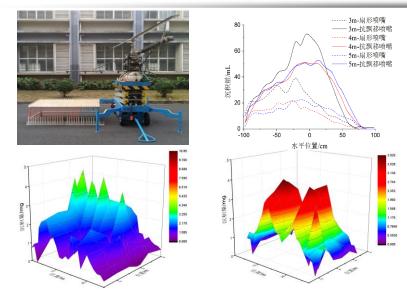
对比项 Contrast items	FR-200	农鹰4d1000	水星一号	3WDM8-20
起飞载荷/(kg) Take-off load/(kg)	200	25	45	38
有效载荷/(kg) Payload/(kg)	80	10	20	20
单次作业量/(亩) Single operation area /(mu)	>100	18	40	20
喷幅/(m) spray range /(m)	8-12	4-6	6	8-10
抗风能力 Wind resistance	强	弱	33	고

与小载荷无人机相比,大载荷无人机<mark>载重量大、单次起降作业面积大、喷幅大、抗自然风能力强</mark>,适用于干旱/ 半干旱等地区大规模农业生产经营。

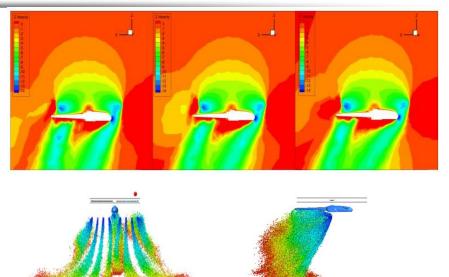
Compared with small load UAV, large load UAV have large load capacity, large single takeoff and landing operation area, large spraying area and strong resistance to natural wind, which are suitable for large load agricultural production and operation in arid/semi-arid areas.

> 大载荷植保无人机喷洒技术

Large load plant protection UAV spraying technology



无人机旋机翼下洗气流对雾滴沉积影响实验研究 Experiment study of the effect of UAV rotor sweep airflow on the droplet deposition distribution



无人机旋机翼下洗气流对雾滴沉积影响数值模拟研究 Numerical simulation study of the effect of UAV rotor sweep airflow on the droplet deposition distribution

以大载荷无人机为飞行平台结合喷雾技术,实现农药在大载荷无人机下的喷洒。

A large load UAV was used as a flight platform combined with spraying technology to realize pesticide spraying under a large load UAV.

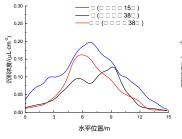
究表明大载荷无人机旋翼下洗气流对雾滴沉积分布的影响较大。

The study shows that the UAV rotor sweep airflow has a greater impact on the droplet deposition distribution.



> 大载荷植保无人机喷洒技术 Large load plant protection UAV spraying technology





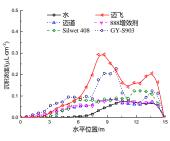


表1 雾滴分布对比 Tab.2 Comparison of droplet distribution

实验研究表明采用助剂将雾滴分布均匀性提高25%,雾滴飘失率减小11.4%。

The experimental study showed that the use of additives increased the droplet distribution uniformity by 25% and reduced the droplet loss rate by 11.4%.

表2 雾滴飘失率对比 Tab.2 Comparison of droplet loss rate

Type of drug solution	Average deposition /(μL/cm²)	Droplet distribution Uniformity/%	Type of additives	Average speed of side wind /(m/s)	Average deposition /(µL/cm²)	Droplet drift center distance/m	Droplet loss rate/%
水(Water)	0.121	79.1	水(Water)	3.5	0.032	3.846	91.4
迈道(Maidao)	0.128	65.1	迈道(Maidao)	2.2	0.050	1.943	86.5
迈飞(Maifei)	0.210	59.3	888增效剂	3.4	0.106	1.749	71.4
Silwet 408	0.116	50.0	(Synergist 888)	5			
GY-S903	0.141	41.9	Silwet 408	2.9	0.051	1.840	86.2
888增效剂			GY-S903	3.1	0.063	2.443	82.9
(Synergist 888)	0.165	52.1	- 近飞(Maifei)	4.0	0.120	2.218	67.6
1							

大载荷植保无人机喷洒技术 Large load plant protection UAV spraying technology



Electrostatic spray experiments on large load UAV

结合静电喷雾技术,无人机两侧雾滴沉积量提升60%,均匀性提升50%。

Combined with electrostatic spray technology, the deposition of UAV on both sides of the drone is increased by 60% and uniformity is increased by 50%.

▶ 大载荷植保无人机工程应用 Engineering application of large load plant protection UAV



大载荷植保无人机在新疆地区的应用 Application of large load plant protection UAV in Xinjiang province



棉田喷洒作业 Spraying operation in cotton fields



枣林喷洒作业 Spraying operation of jujube forest

概述(Summary):

累计作业面积: 1818亩

Cumulative working area: 1818 mu

棉花: **1550亩** Cotton: **1550 mu**

枣树: 168亩

Jujube tree: 168 mu

玉米: 100亩 Corn: 100 mu

节约用水量: **90%**

Saving water consumption: 90%

作业效率: 1200亩/天

Working efficiency: 1200mu/day

用户评价:可靠性高,适应性强 User evaluation: high reliability and

adaptability

该植保无人机在新疆喀什地区销售量近百台,产值超亿元。

This plant protection UAV has sold nearly 100 in Kashgar, Xinjiang, with an output value of over 100 million yuan.



▶ 大载荷植保无人机工程应用 Engineering application of large load plant protection UAV









大载荷植保无人机在江苏地区的应用 Application of large load plant protection UAV in Jiangsu province

概述(Summary):

作业面积: **700亩** working area: **700 mu**

每亩用药量(无人机): **430g/亩** Pesticide consumption per mu(UAV): **430g/mu**

每亩用药量(人工): 625g/亩 Pesticide consumption per mu(manual

spraying machinery) : 168 mu

节约农药: 31.2% Save pesticide: 31.2%

节约成本: ≥3% Cost saving: ≥3%

用户应用报告显示,大载荷无人机植保作业效果理想,节省农药用量达30%以上。

The user application report shows that the effect of large –scale UAV on plant protection is ideal, saving pesticide usage by more than 30%.



