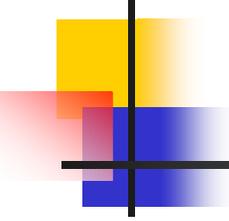


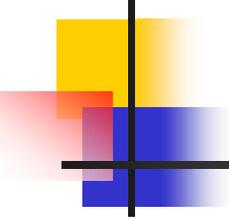
Farm Mechanization for Sustainable Agriculture

Country Report – Sri Lanka
Presented by
Eng. M. H. M. A. Bandara
Deputy Director/FMRC



Introduction

- Agricultural based economy
- Agriculture plays a dominant role in economy
- Contribution of agriculture to the economy has been declining
- The main reason is the traditional system involved in food production.



General Information

Area: 65,610 km²

Average Temperature

Lowlands: Average between 22° C - 33° C

Central Highlands: Average between 7° C - 21° C

Main Crops

Paddy

Vegetables

Fruits

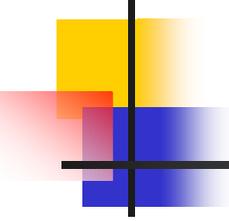
Coconut

Tea

Rubber

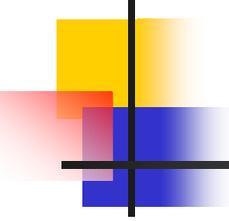
Minor export crops

Average Annual Rainfall – 1900 millimeters



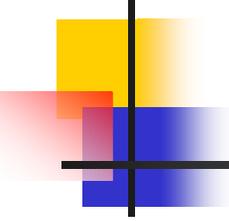
Economic & Social Importance of Agriculture

- Higher GDP contribution (20.1%)
- Land utilization – 1.4 mil.ha
- Employments- less than 30%
- Food security
- Source of calories



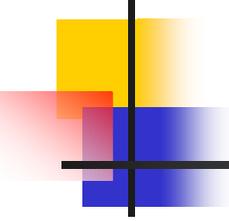
Institutions involved in Agriculture Research & Development

- Department of Agriculture (Includes Mechanization, FMRC)
- Tea Research Institute
- Rubber Research Institute
- Coconut Research Institute
- Export Agriculture Department
- Sugarcane Research Institute
- IPHT (Includes Mechanization)
- National Engineering Research and Development Centre.



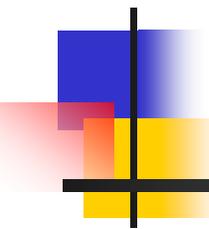
Private sector involvement in Agriculture

- Supply of inputs- Machinery, Fertilizer, Agro-chemicals, Seeds and Planting materials
- Credit facilities – Private banks
- Purchasing & distribution
- On farm research- few private companies

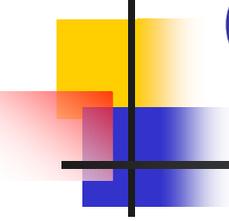


Agricultural Engineering Research & Development

- Farm Mechanization research Centre (FMRC), Maha Illuppallama,
- Institute of Post Harvest Technology (IPHT), Anuradhapura,
- National Engineering Research & Development Centre (NERDC), Ekala,
- Farm Mechanization Training Centre (FMTC), Anuradhapura

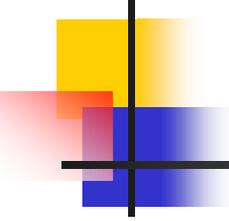


Research Thrust Area



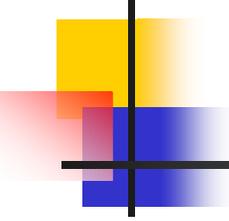
Conservation Agriculture

- Minimum damage to the soil and environment
- Practicing minimum tillage or no-till farming
- Use of low fuel consumed and low emission engines
- Use of micro irrigation systems to preserve water and increase water use efficiency



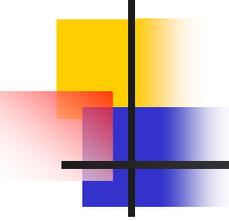
Food Chain Management

- The losses in rice sector is about 25% and in vegetable and fruits about 40%
- Use of appropriate Post Harvest Technology to Prevent the deterioration in quality due to adoption of improper post harvest handling,



Food Chain Management....

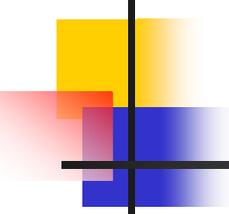
- Value addition in food processing to prevent the nutritional losses and thereby increase the nutritional states of the country.
- Improve farm level storage and preservation facilities
- Face the global trend



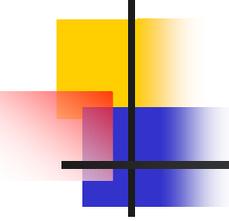
Renewable Energy and Bio-fuels

- Wind Energy
 - Used only for pumping water
 - Not much popular
 - Solar Energy
 - Wind Energy
- Solar Energy
 - Used to dry food commodities
 - Scientific dehydration of perishable food needs further attention
 - High initial cost
- Bio – fuels
 - R & D is being done to extract Bio – Fuel for industrial and agricultural use

Agro Based Enterprise Development

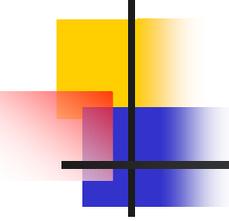


- Establishment of linkages between producers, processors, dealers, exporters and government institutions
- Collaborations with provincial councils, NGOs, business community and other relevant interest groups
- Collection of information on crop production, processing and marketing for dissemination to potential users
- Keeping clients informed on services provided by the DOA
- Establishment of a database on commodity prices.



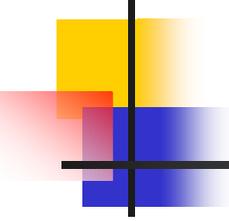
Food Security

- Farmer as well as farming has to be changed to succeed strategies directed towards achieving food security
- Steps have been taken collect information on various aspects



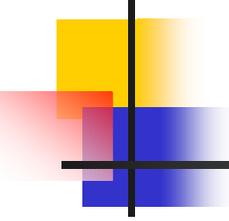
Problems in Rice Cultivation

- Total Farmer families - 1,800,000
- Families depend on rice cultivation - 800,000
- 80% of these families are still in subsistence level
- High production cost
- Low profit margin



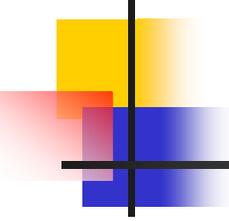
Measures to Increase Profit Margin in Rice Cultivation

- Reduce input cost (labour, machinery, agro-chemicals, fertilizer etc)
- Increase labour and land productivity
- Increase cropping intensity
- Increase yield through timely cultivation, high yielding varieties, proper land preparation, increasing fertilizer efficiency
- Reduce pre & post harvest losses and increase quality of production
- Make maximum use of seasonal rain falls



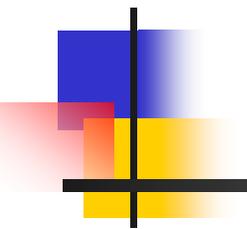
Proposal to establish machinery hiring centers

- Problems to own the machinery
 - Poor purchasing power
 - Seasonal usage of machinery
 - Lack of infrastructural facilities
 - Difficulty in obtaining financial facilities
 - Many machines are single purpose
 - Lack of after sales services



Proposal to establish machinery hiring centers....

- Problems on hiring machinery
 - Non availability of machines at close proximity to the farms
 - Lack of awareness on available technology
 - High and varying hiring charges
 - Some machine owners are reluctant to hire their machinery
 - Insufficient machinery to cater the demand



Technology Promoted by Farm
Mechanization Research Centre

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

01. Plant Establishment

Lowland Paddy Seeders



Lowland Seeder



Drum Seeder

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

01. Plant Establishment

Paddy Transplanters



Manual Transplanter



Motorized Transplanter

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

02. Weed Control



Manual Weeder



Motorized Weeder

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

03. Irrigation



Axial Flow Water Pump

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

04. Harvesting & Threshing



Reaper Attachment



Combine Harvester Attachment



High Capacity Thresher for 12 hp Power Tiller

Machineries for Paddy Cultivation

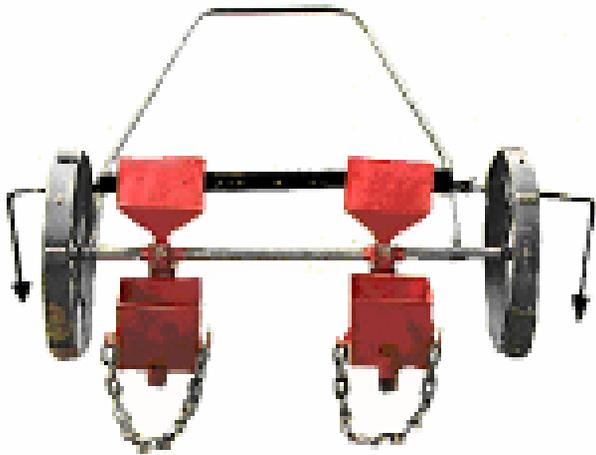
05. Seed Processing



Mini Seed Cleaner

Machineries for Other Field Crop Cultivation

01. Plant Establishment Highland Seeders



Manual Highland Seeder



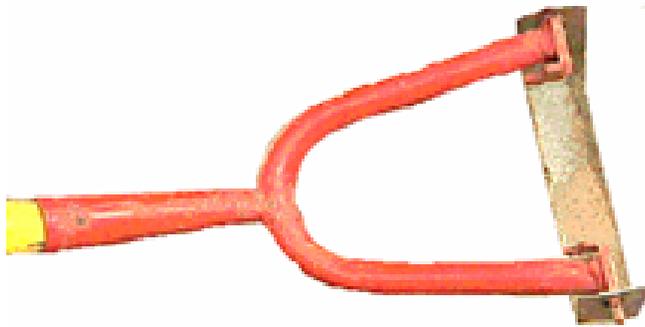
Two wheel tractor coupled seeder



Seeder for small seeds

Machineries for Other Field Crop Cultivation

02. Mechanical Weeder



Swing Blade Type Weeder
(Swiss Hoe)



Machineries for Other Field Crop Cultivation

03. Harvesting & Processing



Groundnut Sheller
(Manual)

Groundnut Sheller
(Motorized)



Machineries for Other Field Crop Cultivation

03. Harvesting & Processing



Pulse Splitting
Machine



Onion Seed Processing
Machine



Multi Crop
Thresher

Machineries for Horticultural Crops

01. Pruning Tools



For tall trees



For Lime



Machineries for Horticultural Crops

1. Fruit Harvesting Tools



Hook Type
Fruit Harvester

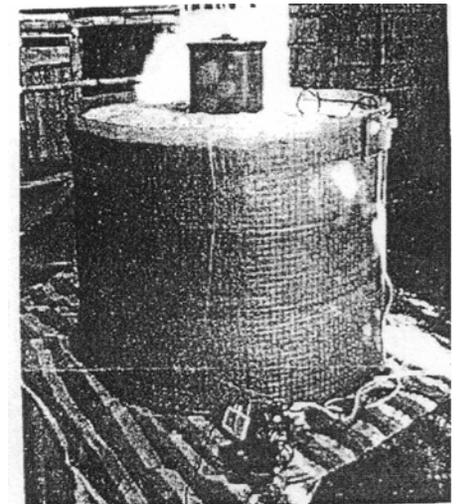
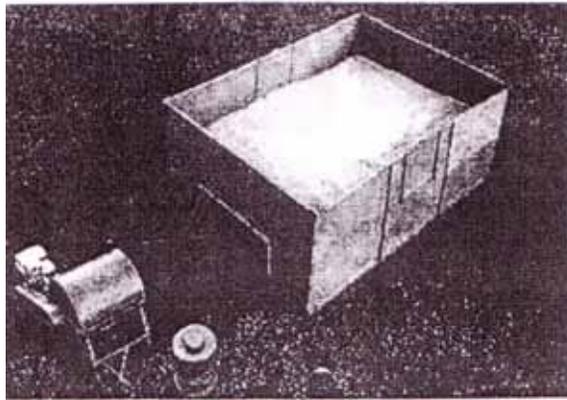


Castle Type
Fruit Harvester

Technology Promoted by Institute of Post Harvest Technology

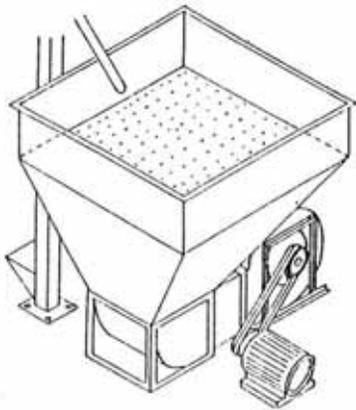
01. Dryers

THE IRRI DR- 1 BATCH DRYER



Low cost dryer for grains

BATCH TYPE FLUIDIZED BED DRYER



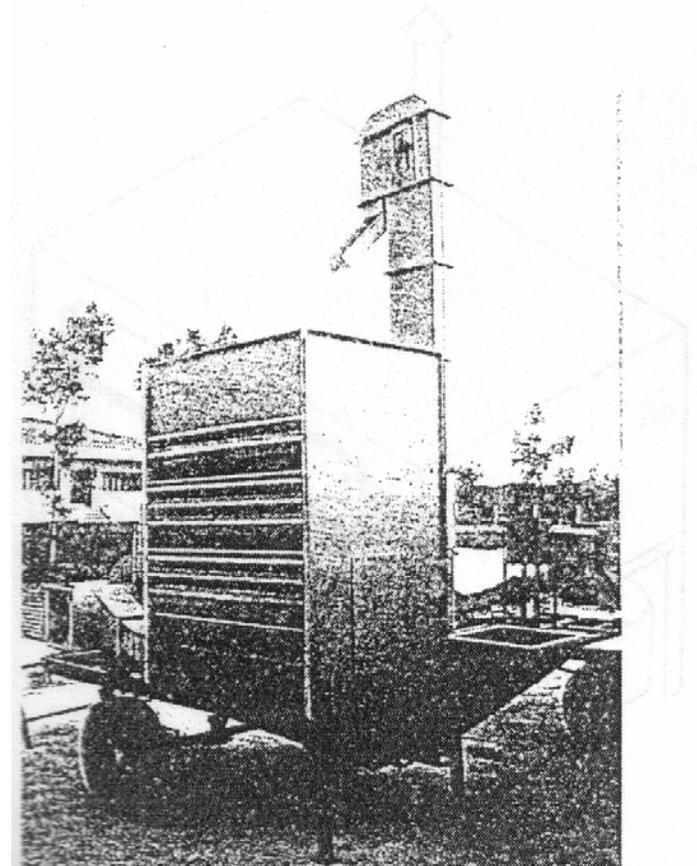
Technology Promoted by Institute of Post Harvest Technology

01. Dryers



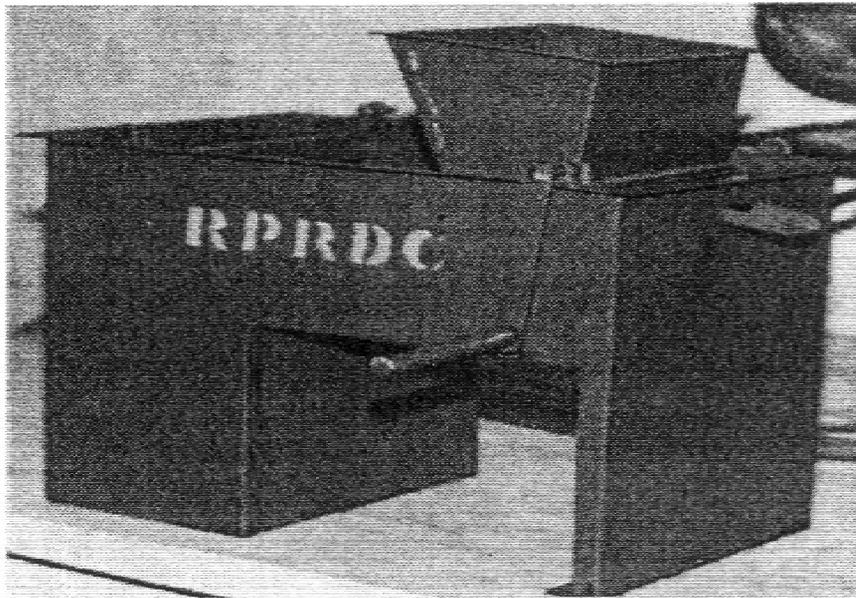
Solar Assisted Biomass fired dryer for dehydration of Agricultural Products

NAPHIRE MOBILE FLASH DRYER

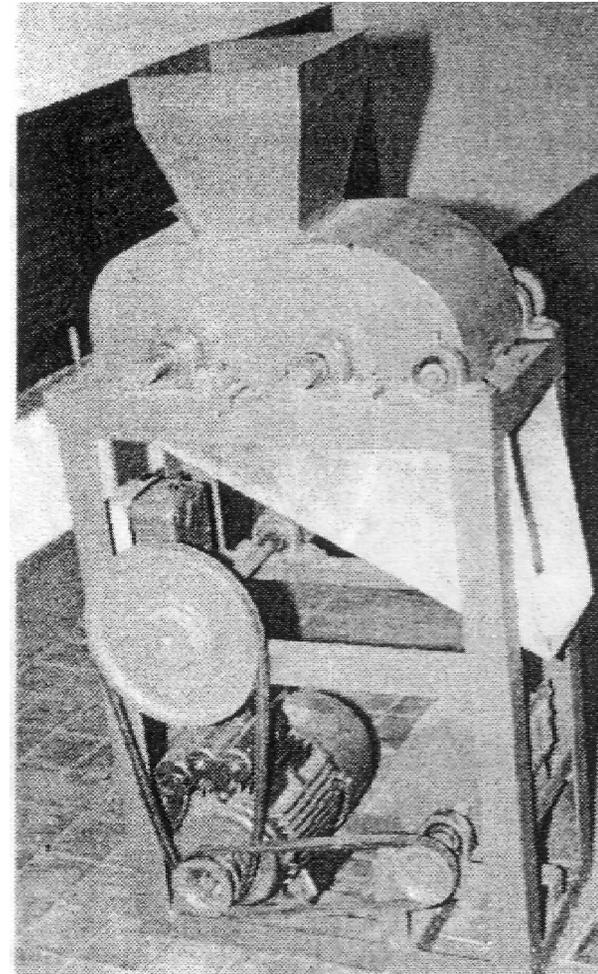


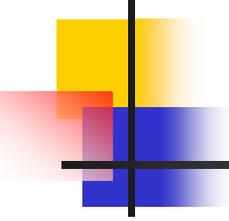
Technology Promoted by Institute of Post Harvest Technology

02. Rice Flaking Machine



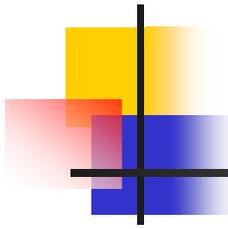
03. Rice De-stoner for Domestic Use





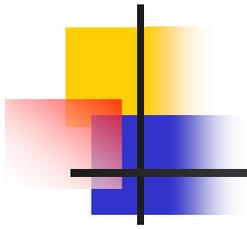
Technology Promoted by Private Sector

01. Battery Operated Knapsack Type
Sprayer
02. Neem Seed Solution Extractor



Agricultural Policy

Recently the Government decided to promote organic farming in order to protect the environment by providing subsidies for all inputs. The Government has also started a scheme for granting duty free concession for the importation of new machinery utilizing advanced technology to utilize environmental protection and industrial pollution management.



Thank You!